

Revision date: 16-Jun-2011 Version: 1.0 Page 1 of 7

IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Pfizer Inc Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Group 235 East 42nd Street New York, New York 10017 1-212-573-2222

Emergency telephone number:
CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300
Contact E-Mail: pfizer-MSDS@pfizer.com

Pfizer Ltd
Ramsgate Road
Sandwich, Kent
CT13 9NJ
United Kingdom
+00 44 (0)1304 616161
Emergency telephone number:
ChemSafe (24 hours): +44 (0)208 762 8322

Material Name: Anastrozole Tablets

Trade Name: Not applicable Chemical Family: Aromatase inhibitor

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used as Antineoplastic

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance:White TabletsSignal Word:DANGER

Statement of Hazard: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Additional Hazard Information:

Long Term: Animal studies have shown a potential to cause adverse effects on the fetus. Repeat-dose

studies in animals have shown a potential to cause adverse effects on reproductive system. Adverse effects associated with therapeutic use include hot flashes, inflammation of the liver,

abnormal liver function tests, skin reaction, swelling of the face, loss of hair, joint pain,

gastrointestinal disturbances, headache

EU Classification

Known Clinical Effects:

EU Indication of danger: Toxic to reproduction, Category 2

EU Hazard Symbols:

Т



EU Risk Phrases:

Australian Hazard Classification

R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

Hazardous Substance. Non-Hazardous Substance.

(NOHSC):

D704F07

Material Name: Anastrozole Tablets Page 2 of 7
Revision date: 16-Jun-2011 Version: 1.0

Novicion date. To dan 2011

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Note:

This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which require the inclusion of all known hazards of the active substance or its intermediates regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

| Ingredient | CAS Number | EU EINECS/ELINCS List | EU Classification | % | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| Anastrozole | 120511-73-1 | Not Listed | Repr.Cat.2;R60-61 | 1 | |
| Magnesium stearate | 557-04-0 | 209-150-3 | Not Listed | * | |

| Ingredient | CAS Number | EU EINECS/ELINCS List | EU Classification | % |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Sodium starch glycolate | 9063-38-1 | Not Listed | Not Listed | * |
| Lactose NF, monohydrate | 64044-51-5 | Not Listed | Not Listed | * |
| Povidone | 9003-39-8 | Not Listed | Not Listed | * |

Additional Information: * Proprietary

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

For the full text of the R phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Flush with water while holding eyelids open for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention

immediately.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek

medical attention.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not

induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

Symptoms and Effects of Exposure: For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards

Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or fire.

Fire Fighting Procedures: During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Not applicable

Material Name: Anastrozole Tablets Page 3 of 7 Revision date: 16-Jun-2011 Version: 1.0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Measures for Environmental

Protections:

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to

avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large

Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: Restrict access to work area. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. If tablets or

> capsules are crushed and/or broken, avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When handling, use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Wash thoroughly after handling. Refer to Section 12 - Ecological Information, for information on potential effects on the environment. Releases to the environment should be avoided. Review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure or environmental releases. Potential points of process emissions of this material to the atmosphere should be controlled with dust collectors, HEPA

filtration systems or other equivalent controls.

Store as directed by product packaging. **Storage Conditions:**

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

Magnesium stearate

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) 10 mg/m³ TWA **Australia TWA** 10 mg/m³ **Belgium OEL - TWA** Listed **Ireland OEL - TWAs** Listed Lithuania OEL - TWA Listed Listed Portugal OEL - TWA Spain OEL - TWA Listed Sweden OEL - TWAs Listed

Anastrozole

Pfizer Occupational Exposure OEB 5 (control exposure to <1 ug/m³)

Band (OEB):

Engineering Controls: Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General

room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep airborne

contamination levels below the exposure limits listed above in this section.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Refer to specific Member State legislation for requirements under Community environmental

legislation.

Personal Protective Equipment: Refer to applicable national standards and regulations in the selection and use of personal

protective equipment (PPE).

Hands: Impervious, disposable gloves (double suggested) are recommended if skin contact with drug

product is possible and for bulk processing operations.

Material Name: Anastrozole Tablets Page 4 of 7
Revision date: 16-Jun-2011 Version: 1.0

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eyes: Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible.

Skin: Impervious disposable protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is

possible and for bulk processing operations.

Respiratory protection: If airborne exposures are within or exceed the Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) range, wear

an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to the bottom of

the OEB range.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:TabletsColor:WhiteMolecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:Mixture

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions. **Incompatible Materials:** As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information: There are no data for this formulation. The remaining information describes the potential

hazards of the individual ingredients.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Povidone

Rat Oral LD50 100 g/kg

Magnesium stearate

Rat Oral LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rat Inhalation LC50 > 2000 mg/m³

Anastrozole

Rat Oral LD50 > 100 mg/kg
Rat IP LD50 > 50 mg/kg
Dog Oral LD50 > 45 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Anastrozole

6 Month(s) Rat No route specified 1 mg/kg/day LOAEL Female reproductive system

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Anastrozole

Material Name: Anastrozole Tablets Page 5 of 7
Revision date: 16-Jun-2011 Version: 1.0

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Fertility and Embryonic Development Rat Oral 0.02 mg/kg/day LOAEL Fetotoxicity, Fertility

Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Oral 1.0 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not Teratogenic Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Oral 0.2 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not Teratogenic

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Anastrozole

In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella, E. coli Negative

In Vitro Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells Negative

In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Human Lymphocytes Negative

In Vivo Micronucleus Rat Negative

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Anastrozole

2 Year(s) Rat Oral 25 mg/kg/day LOAEL Liver, Tumors, Thyroid, Female reproductive system

2 Year(s) Mouse Oral 5 mg/kg/day LOAEL Benign tumors

Carcinogen Status: None of the components of this formulation are listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

Povidone

IARC: Group 3

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: Environmental properties have not been investigated. Releases to the environment should be

avoided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State

specific and Community specific provisions must be considered. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental

releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following refers to all modes of transportation unless specified below.

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol:

EU Indication of danger: Toxic to reproduction, Category 2

Material Name: Anastrozole Tablets Page 6 of 7
Revision date: 16-Jun-2011 Version: 1.0

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Risk Phrases:

R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

EU Safety Phrases:

S22 - Do not breathe dust.

S36/37 - Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. S53 - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S57 - Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

OSHA Label:

DANGER

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A



Sodium starch glycolate

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Listed

Lactose NF, monohydrate

Australia (AICS): Listed

Povidone

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Listed

Magnesium stearate

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Listed
209-150-3

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases mentioned in Section 3

R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

Data Sources: Publicly available toxicity information. Safety data sheets for individual ingredients.

Prepared by: Product Stewardship Hazard Communications

Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety Operations

Material Name: Anastrozole Tablets Page 7 of 7
Revision date: 16-Jun-2011 Version: 1.0

Pfizer Inc believes that the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time.

End of Safety Data Sheet
