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# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**Product Identifier** 

Material Name: Diphenoxylate and Atropine Tablets

Trade Name: Lomotil Tablets; Lofenoxal Tablets

Chemical Family: Mixture

Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used as antidiarrheal agent

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Pfizer Inc Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Group 235 East 42nd Street New York, New York 10017

1-800-879-3477

Emergency telephone number:
CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300
Contact E-Mail: pfizer-MSDS@pfizer.com

Pfizer Ltd Ramsgate Road Sandwich, Kent CT13 9NJ United Kingdom

+00 44 (0)1304 616161

Emergency telephone number:

International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS - Classification Not classified as hazardous

**EU Classification:** 

EU Indication of danger: Not classified

**Label Elements** 

Signal Word: Not required

**Hazard Statements:** Non-hazardous in accordance with international standards for workplace safety.

Other Hazards No data available

**Australian Hazard Classification** 

(NOHSC):

 $\label{thm:local-problem} \mbox{Hazardous Substance. Non-Dangerous Goods.}$ 

**Note:** This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

requires the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warning included may not apply in all cases.

Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

# 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Hazardous**

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| 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS |            |                     |                   |  |      |  |  |  |
|---|------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|------|--|--|--|
| Ingredient                                  | CAS Number | EU<br>EINECS/ELINCS | EU Classification | GHS<br>Classification                            | %    |  |  |  |
|   |            | List                |                   |  |      |  |  |  |
| Diphenoxylate Hydrochloride                 | 3810-80-8  | 223-287-6           | Xn, R22           | Acute Tox.3 (H301)                               | 4    |  |  |  |
| Atropine sulfate anhydrous                  | 55-48-1    | 200-235-0           | T+ R26/28         | Acute Tox. 2<br>(H300)<br>Acute Tox. 2<br>(H330) | 0.04 |  |  |  |
| Sucrose                                     | 57-50-1    | 200-334-9           | Not Listed        | Not Listed                                       | *    |  |  |  |
| Talc (non-asbestiform)                      | 14807-96-6 | 238-877-9           | Not Listed        | Not Listed                                       | *    |  |  |  |
| Magnesium stearate                          | 557-04-0   | 209-150-3           | Not Listed        | Not Listed                                       | *    |  |  |  |
| Light mineral oil (liquid paraffin)         | 8042-47-5  | 232-455-8           | Not Listed        | Not Listed                                       | *    |  |  |  |

| Ingredient | CAS Number | EU<br>EINECS/ELINCS<br>List | EU Classification | GHS<br>Classification | % |
|------------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Sorbitol   | 6706-59-8  | Not Listed                  | Not Listed        | Not Listed            | * |
| Acacia     | 9000-01-5  | 232-519-5                   | Not Listed        | Not Listed            | * |

Additional Information: \* Proprietary

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

In accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, the exact percentage composition of this mixture has

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been withheld as a trade secret.

For the full text of the R phrases and CLP/GHS abbreviations mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Description of First Aid Measures** 

**Eye Contact:** Flush with water while holding eyelids open for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention

immediately.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek

medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not

induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms and Effects of For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards

**Exposure:** Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Medical Conditions None known

Aggravated by Exposure:

Indication of the Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Notes to Physician: None

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Extinguish fires with CO2, extinguishing powder, foam, or water.

Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

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**Hazardous Combustion** 

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or fire.

**Products:** 

**Fine Particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions.** 

### **Advice for Fire-Fighters**

During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Minimize exposure.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to avoid environmental release.

### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Measures for Cleaning / Contain the soul

Collecting:

Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

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dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Additional Consideration for

Large Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken, avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When handling, use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Wash thoroughly after handling. Releases to the environment should be avoided. Review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure or environmental releases. Potential points of process emissions of this material to the atmosphere should be controlled with dust collectors, HEPA filtration systems or other equivalent controls.

### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Store as directed by product packaging.

Specific end use(s): Pharmaceutical drug product

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

Diphenoxylate Hydrochloride

Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: 25µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Atropine sulfate anhydrous

Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: 2.5µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Sucrose

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)

Australia TWA

Belgium OEL - TWA

Bulgaria OEL - TWA

10 mg/m³

10 mg/m³

10.0 mg/m³

France OEL - TWA

10 mg/m³

10 mg/m³

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Ireland OEL - TWAs10 mg/m³Latvia OEL - TWA5 mg/m³Lithuania OEL - TWA10 mg/m³OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:15 mg/m³Portugal OEL - TWA10 mg/m³Slovakia OEL - TWA6 mg/m³Spain OEL - TWA10 mg/m³

Talc (non-asbestiform)

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)

Australia TWA

Austria OEL - MAKs

Belgium OEL - TWA

Bulgaria OEL - TWA

1.0 fiber/cm3
6.0 mg/m³
3.0 mg/m³

 Czech Republic OEL - TWA
 2.0 mg/m³

 Denmark OEL - TWA
 0.3 fiber/cm3

 Finland OEL - TWA
 0.5 fiber/cm3

 Greece OEL - TWA
 10 mg/m³

 Hungary OEL - TWA
 2 mg/m³

 Ireland OEL - TWAs
 10 mg/m³

 0.8 mg/m³
 0.8 mg/m³

 Lithuania OEL - TWA
 2 mg/m³

 1 mg/m³
 2 mg/m³

Netherlands OEL - TWA 0.25 mg/m³
OSHA - Final PELs - Table Z-3 Mineral D: 20 mppcf
Poland OEL - TWA 4.0 mg/m³
1.0 mg/m³

 Portugal OEL - TWA
 2 mg/m³

 Romania OEL - TWA
 2 mg/m³

 Slovakia OEL - TWA
 2 mg/m³

 Slovenia OEL - TWA
 2 mg/m³

 Slovenia OEL - TWA
 2 mg/m³

 Spain OEL - TWA
 2 mg/m³

 Sweden OEL - TWAS
 2 mg/m³

 Switzerland OEL -TWAS
 2 mg/m³

Magnesium stearate

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) 10 mg/m³
Lithuania OEL - TWA 5 mg/m³
Sweden OEL - TWAs 5 mg/m³

Light mineral oil (liquid paraffin)

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Exposure Controls** 

**Engineering Controls:** Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General

room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep airborne

contamination levels below the exposure limits listed above in this section.

Personal Protective Refer to applicable national standards and regulations in the selection and use of personal

**Equipment:** protective equipment (PPE).

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### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Hands: Impervious gloves are recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk

processing operations.

**Eyes:** Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible.

**Skin:** Impervious protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and

for bulk processing operations.

**Respiratory protection:** None required under normal conditions of use. If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit

(OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control

exposures to below the OEL.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Tablets Color: White

Odor: No data available. Odor Threshold: No data available.

Molecular Formula: Mixture Molecular Weight: Mixture

Solvent Solubility:
Water Solubility:
PH:
No data available
Partition Coefficient: (Method, pH, Endpoint, Value)

Acacia

No data available

Sorbitol

No data available

Talc (non-asbestiform)
No data available

Magnesium stearate

No data available

No data avallable

Light mineral oil (liquid paraffin)

No data available

Sucrose

No data available

Diphenoxylate Hydrochloride

No data available

Atropine sulfate anhydrous

No data available

**Decomposition Temperature (°C):** No data available.

Evaporation Rate (Gram/s):

Vapor Pressure (kPa):

Vapor Density (g/ml):

Relative Density:

Viscosity:

No data available
No data available
No data available
No data available

Flammablity:

Autoignition Temperature (Solid) (°C):No data availableFlammability (Solids):No data availableFlash Point (Liquid) (°C):No data availableUpper Explosive Limits (Liquid) (% by Vol.):No data availableLower Explosive Limits (Liquid) (% by Vol.):No data available

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# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under normal conditions of use.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions** 

Oxidizing Properties: No data available

**Conditions to Avoid:** Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions. **Incompatible Materials:** As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomposition No data available

**Products:** 

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on Toxicological Effects

General Information: The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual

ingredients.

**Short Term:** Accidental ingestion may cause effects similar to those seen in clinical use.

**Long Term:** Use of this drug is habit forming. Addiction may occur.

Known Clinical Effects: Ingestion of this material may cause effects similar to those seen in clinical use including

constipation, numbness of extremities, respiratory depression, state of intense good feeling (euphoria), dry mouth, anxiety, headache, changes in heart rate, drowsiness, sleepiness, dizziness, sedation, and gastrointestinal disturbance. Individuals sensitive to this material or

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other materials in its chemical class may develop allergic reactions.

### Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

### Talc (non-asbestiform)

Rat Oral LD50 > 1600 mg/kg

### Magnesium stearate

Rat Oral LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rat Inhalation LC50 > 2000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Light mineral oil (liquid paraffin)

Rat Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

**Sucrose** 

Rat Oral LD50 29.7 g/kg

### **Diphenoxylate Hydrochloride**

Rat Oral LD50 221 mg/kg Mouse IP LD50 > 320mg/kg

### Atropine sulfate anhydrous

Rat Oral LD50 600 mg/kg

Rat Sub-tenon injection (eye) LD50 215mg/kg

Rat Intravenous LD50 37mg/kg

Mouse Oral 468mg/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

### Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

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# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Acacia** 

Eye Irritation Rabbit Severe

Light mineral oil (liquid paraffin)

Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Skin Sensitization - GPMT Guinea Pig Negative

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Light mineral oil (liquid paraffin)

90 Day(s) Rat Oral1800 mg/kg/day NOAEL Liver

Diphenoxylate Hydrochloride

2 Week(s) Rat Oral 48 mg/kg/day LOEL Gastrointestinal System, Bladder 1 Month(s) Rat Oral 32 mg/kg/day LOAEL Central Nervous System

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Diphenoxylate Hydrochloride

Reproductive & Fertility Rat Oral 20 mg/kg/day NOAEL No effects at maximum dose Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Oral 20 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not Teratogenic

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Light mineral oil (liquid paraffin)

In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative
In Vitro Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity Mouse Lymphoma Negative

Sucrose

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative

Diphenoxylate Hydrochloride

Cell Transformation Assay Rodent germ cell Negative

Carcinogen Status: None of the components of this formulation are listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

See below

Talc (non-asbestiform)

IARC: Group 3 (Not Classifiable)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environmental Overview:** Environmental properties have not been investigated. Releases to the environment should be

avoided.

Toxicity:

Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

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Light mineral oil (liquid paraffin)

Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill Sunfish) OECD LC50 96 Hours > 10000 mg/L

Persistence and Degradability: No data available

Bio-accumulative Potential: No data available

Mobility in Soil: No data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State

specific and Community specific provisions must be considered. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater.

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### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following refers to all modes of transportation unless specified below.

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:

Non-controlled

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

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# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Diphenoxylate Hydrochloride

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

Not Listed
California Proposition 65

Not Listed

U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration: Schedule II (Schedule V when in combination with other drugs)

Australia (AICS): Present EU EINECS/ELINCS List 223-287-6

Atropine sulfate anhydrous

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

Not Listed
California Proposition 65

Not Listed

U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration: Schedule IV Controlled Substance

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Present
200-235-0

Sucrose

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

California Proposition 65

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

REACH - Annex IV - Exemptions from the

Not Listed

Present

Present

obligations of Register:

EU EINECS/ELINCS List 200-334-9

Sorbitol

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

California Proposition 65

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Not Listed

Not Listed

Talc (non-asbestiform)

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

California Proposition 65

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Not Listed

Not Listed

Present

238-877-9

Magnesium stearate

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

California Proposition 65

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Not Listed

Present

209-150-3

Light mineral oil (liquid paraffin)

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

California Proposition 65

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Not Listed

Present

Present

232-455-8

#### Acacia

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# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

California Proposition 65

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Not Listed

Not Eisted

Not

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

## Text of R phrases and GHS Classification abbreviations mentioned in Section 3

Acute toxicity, oral-Cat.2; H300 - Fatal if swallowed Acute toxicity, oral-Cat.3; H301 - Toxic if swallowed Acute toxicity, inhalation-Cat.2; H330 - Fatal if inhaled

Xn - Harmful T+ - Very toxic

R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

R26/28 - Very toxic by inhalation and if swallowed.

**Data Sources:** Publicly available toxicity information. Pfizer proprietary drug development information.

Reasons for Revision: Updated Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients. Updated Section 15 -

Regulatory Information.

Revision date: 04-Apr-2015

Product Stewardship Hazard Communication

Prepared by: Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety Operations

Pfizer Inc believes that the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**